SPOTLIGHT ON SAFEGUARDING

Working together to keep our young people safe

In this month's issue:

- Body safety
- Regulating screen time
- App focus: Snapchat For My Eyes Only

Body safety- how to make children aware

A parent's top priority is ensuring the safety of their children. Since it's impossible for parents to be with their children at all times, it is crucial to educate them on how to keep themselves safe. Teaching body safety from a young age is essential and the more you discuss it with your child, the better they will comprehend it. Engaging in these conversations during shared activities is an effective way to establish a strong connection.

Some examples are:

- whilst running a bath
- during a bedroom clean up
- when preparing dinner
- on a car journey
- when shopping in the supermarket
- · walking the dog or walking to school

It is beneficial to identify moments to address real-life scenarios where personal space or boundaries were not respected. For instance, if you tickle your child without their consent, it serves as a suitable opportunity to emphasise the importance of seeking permission before engaging in such actions.





Five Essential Lessons to Educate Your Child on Body Safety

It's your body

You have control over your body. You don't have to tolerate unwanted physical contact like cuddles, hugs or tickles.

Use proper names

Use the proper names for private parts. If you hear your child use a different word, ask them where they heard it.

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Private parts are private

Teach them that private parts are not to be shown to others and no one should show their private parts to them, even as a joke.



No secrets

No one should ask you to keep secrets, good or bad. Even if the secret seems insignificant.

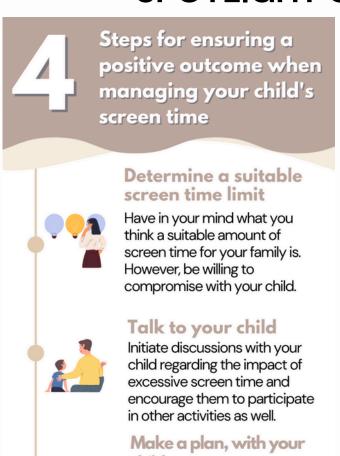


Model good body safety

Show them what good body safety looks like. For example, ask them if you can have a hug.



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How to regulate screen time over the summer holiday

During school holidays, children enjoy a break from their regular schedules and rules, allowing for more flexibility. This may involve staying up later, sleeping in longer, extending curfews and increasing screen time or gaming. Some children may spend most of their day on screens or playing games, leaving little room for other activities. The six weeks of freedom can make it challenging to establish positive routines before the new term begins in September.

If you are exploring ways to limit your child's screen time without conflicts, these four steps could be helpful.

Initiating discussions with your child regarding screen time restrictions might appear challenging. You might worry about potential conflicts arising between you and your child. It is beneficial to begin with steps one and two well before the summer holiday begins. Starting conversations about the adverse effects of screen time now can pave the way for smoother discussions in the future. Conversation starters:

- 'Have you seen the news report on the negative impact of too much screen time?'
- 'So you don't spend the whole summer on your phone/computer, what other activities shall we plan for you?'

Keep them busy

from your child's.

Find activities for them to do when they are not on their devices.

Set boundaries for your child's

screen time. Be open to finding

perspective may differ greatly

a middle ground since your

Snapchat: 'For My Eyes Only'

<u> Understanding 'For My Eyes Only'</u>



What Risks Does FMEO Pose?

Setting up FMEO indicates that users have content they prefer to keep hidden. This implies that any inappropriate messages or pictures could be stored there. It also means that, as a parent, you won't be able to monitor what your children are sending or receiving, or who they are communicating with.